

"Unlocking energy communities: New models for community solar in a post-subsidy world"

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Contents

- 1. What do we mean by community solar?
- 2. EU HEROES project
- 3. Policy for energy communities
- 4. Case study: Multi-family homes
- 5. Conclusions





What do we mean by "Community Solar"?

"Whatever happened to the heroes?"



Source: Repowering





What do we mean by "Community Solar"?

Key characteristics of renewable energy communities:

Community ownership

- Owned collectively
- Local decision-making

Community benefit

- Economic benefit shared and/or localised
- Profit returned for social benefit
- Growing in scale and professionalism







EU HEROES project

Aims

 Enable increased deployment of community PV through new models enabling grid-integration

Activities

- Understand needs of communities and network operators
- Develop new business models
- Pilot those business models
- EU H2020 funding







EU HEROES: Partners

Partners

- Partnership formed through Renewable Energy Working Group of the European Energy Network (EnR)
- RVO Netherlands
- CRES Greece
- CREARA Spain
- DENA Germany
- PROTECH Lithuania
- KAPE Poland
- EST UK

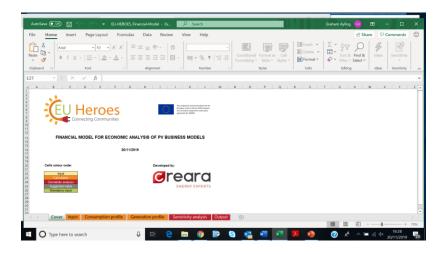


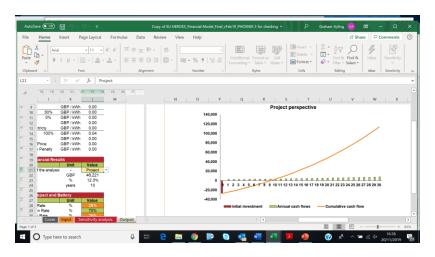


EU HEROES: Community solar tool

Tool features

- Aimed at energy communities
- Business modelling
- Can cover community scale
- And include battery storage
- Sensitivity analysis
- Excel-based with user guide
- www.euheroes.com/tool









EU HEROES: Results

Learning

- Monitored data available
- Improved understanding of business models across MS
- Comparison of policy/regulation regimes
- Testing business-models tailored to each MS
- Case study of multi-family properties
- Policy recommendations
- www.euheroes.eu







Policy for energy communities

Energy Communities in the RED: "My Hero"

Article 22 – protects the rights of energy communities

Protects communities:

- Right to produce, consume, store and sell own renewable energy, without being subject to punitive taxes or excessive bureacracy,
- Definition of RE communities





Policy for energy communities

Protect and promote

- Rights to operate and trade
 - Implement A22
 - Enable key models
- Simplicity and empathy
 - DSO Community officer
 - Community guides
- Capacity building support
 - Consistent expert support
 - Grants/low cost loans address lack of access to capital







Policy for energy communities

Recognise benefits not just status: "We don't need another hero"

- Energy communities COULD:
 - Engage citizens with net zero
 - Share the economic benefits of net zero
 - Create a "multiplier" for carbon and economic benefit
- With the right incentives
- How to target:
- By legal structure?
- Incentivise the outcomes we want to see?



*Source: The Low Carbon Hub





Case Study: Multi-family domestic PV

Multi-family domestic PV - "Holding out for a hero"

- Doesn't require a mature community energy sector
- Accessible and scalable
- Near market model
- Legal structures in place residents/tenants organisations
- Engages citizens
- Replicable across EU





Case Study: Multi-family domestic PV

Collegepark Zwijsen, Veghel, Netherlands

- Refurb into 115 apartments
- 200kW PV array and private wire shared ownership
- Heat pumps and solar thermal
- Exemption from regulation
- Net metering
- Demand side management
- Surplus exported







Case Study: Multi-family domestic PV

Policy needs

- Implement A21 & A22!
 - Extend self-consumption rights to collective self-consumption
- Understand the different solutions
- Enable the best model for each MS
- Ensure clarity for the target audience
- Market support









Conclusions

Policy for energy communities

- Engage citizens in climate action
- A22 recognises energy communities
- Level the playing field
- Better communication clear models
- Can we value carbon and social benefits in this new market?
- Energy communities empower everyone to play a meaningful role in net zero

"We could be heroes..."







Thank you

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