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Prosumption in France 1. Individual/collective PV production/self-consumption



Prosumption in France 2. Market status

Cumulated self-consumption installations connected to the grid per quarter

20 000 households self-consumed in France in 2017 (500 000 in Germany). According to RTE estimations, their number could double each year and amount to 4 millions by 2035 representing 9 to 20 TWh (maximum 4% of the total French electricity consumption)



Source: Observatoire de l'énergie solaire photovoltaïque

Prosumption in France 2. Market status

Evolution of connected installations in MW per quarter



Source: Observatoire de l'énergie solaire photovoltaïque

Prosumption in France3. PV collective self-consumption presentation and remuneration scheme



3. PV collective self-consumption presentation and contractual model



Source : TECSOL

3. PV collective self-consumption presentation and contractual model



3. PV collective self-consumption presentation and remuneration scheme.

• P < 100 kW: Feed-in-Tariff (FIT)

FIT (ℓ/kWh) for the surplus fed into the grid during 20 years and capacity premium (ℓ/Wp) during 5 years.

FIT	P _{inst} < 9 kW	0,1 €/kWh
	9 kW < P _{inst} < 100 kW	0,06 €/kWh
Premium	P _{inst} < 3 kW	0,39 €/Wp
	3 kW < P _{inst} < 9 kW	0,29 €/Wp
	9 kW < P _{inst} < 36 kW	0,19 €/Wp
	36 kW < P _{inst} < 100 kW	0,09 €/Wp

• 100 kW < P < 500 kW: Self-consumption tenders

Fixed premium during 10 years (\notin /kWh) applicable to electricity both self-consumed and fed into the grid and an additional bonus of 5 \notin /MWh on the self-consumed electricity that is lowered when the self-consumption ratio is lower than 50%.

Only individual self-consumption benefits from an exemption from electricity taxes for self-consumed electricity

Only individual self-consumption benefits from the surplus feed-in-tariff

Collective self-consumption does not benefit from the surplus feed-in-tariff

Collective self-consumption needs to pay a specific grid access fee which is presently most of the time not favorable

Prosumption in France 4. Regulatory framework for (collective) self-consumption

22/05/2019 : "PACTE" law: changes were made to some articles of the Code de l'Energie for an experimental period of 5 years

"The self-consumption is collective when the electricity supply is made between one or more producers and one or more end-consumers linked to each other within a legal entity and whose draw-off and injection points are located in downstream from the same public medium to low voltage substation on the low-voltage grid and respect the criteria, particularly those of geographical proximity, set by order of the Minister of Energy after consulting the Energy Regulatory Commission."

i The geographical limit will most certainly be 2km (1km max from a central point)

Code de l'Energie, Chap. V, Art. L315-2

"The Energy Regulatory Commission establishes tariffs for the use of **specific public electricity distribution networks** for consumers participating in self-consumption operations when the installed capacity of the generating facility supplying them is less than 100 kilowatts."

Code de l'Energie, Chap. V, Art. L315-3

Prosumption in France 5. Advantages and attractiveness of (collective) self-consumption



Decomposition of a electricity bill for a residential client (31/12/18) Source : Analyse CRE

Build-in of the economical balance of a French Collective Selfconsumption project

A consumer in a collective self-consumption operation will essentially erase from his bill the supply part, in greater or lesser proportion depending on the producer's strategy

The higher the self-production rate, the more interesting the operation will be.

5. Advantages and attractiveness of (collective) self-consumption



Become master of one's electricity origin,



Savings on the electricity bill and protection against electricity prices increase



Development of the PV market



Reduce the need for line reinforcement and investment in new electricity transmission infrastructure



Sensitize the prosumers to the management of their electricity consumption (to increase self-consumption ratio)



Contribute to the decentralization of the electricity production

5. Advantages and attractiveness of (collective) self-consumption

Typical profiles for (collective) self-consumption: consumption profiles that are the closest to the production profile of a PV plant:

Primary sector



Secondary sector



Tertiary sector



Residential sector with an optimized electricity consumption profile



(i) Schools are particularly relevant for collective self-consumption since they offer a interesting surface but are closed in the summer during high production periods and during week-ends.

5. Advantages and attractiveness of (collective) self-consumption

Interest in a dynamic repartition



Source : Sunchain



Repartition with <u>blockchain</u> developed in the framewok of the **DIGISOL** project

Prosumption in France Example: Bordeaux, France (10/17)



Inauguration of the first collective self-consumption project in France

In the first year the produced electricity was only used for the common areas. The idea for 2019 and 2020 is to extend the consumption to the households and to the supermarket at the ground floor.

260 m²; 36 kWc

37000 kWh have been produced in the 10 first months among which 40% have been self-consumed.

Difficulties to extend so far...

Prosumption in France Example: Cher, France (11/17)







Inauguration of a self-consumption project in France including PV panels, storage units and smart consumption piloting

9 public buildings (city hall, school, nursery, ...), 61 dwellings, 78 public lighting points and a electrical vehicle charging point.

800 PV modules

Objective: - meet 70% of electricity consumption needs

- produce 226500 kW per year
- save 100€/year/household



Prosumption in France Example: Pénestin, France (03/18)







Inauguration of a self-consumption project in France including

12 companies, 50 households in a 500m radius

234 m²; 140 PV modules (Hanwha Q Cells); 40,6 kWc

Prosumption in France Example: Alès, France (05/19)







Inauguration of the biggest collective self-consumption project in France

100 social dwellings

600 m²; 300 PV panels; 100 kWc

20% of electricity consumption needs

Should save 100€/year/household



Prosumption in France Example: Prémian, France (07/18)





First collective self-consumption project in France **using Blockchain**

Building owner & producter : **Commune de Prémian** « Personne Moral Organisatrice » : **Prémian Energie Positive** Engineering company : **TECSOL**

Prosumption in France Example: Prémian, France (07/18)







First collective self-consumption project in France using Blockchain



28 kWp **1** producer, **7** consumers **52000** € investment **1158** € annual electricity savings 19,5 % solar fraction

Installation connected



Dynamic repartition Sunchain with Blockchain technology



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Prosumption in France5. Tomorrow : use your energy wherever you are







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Thank you for your attention



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Prosumption in France

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